

Hawaiian Waterbirds Recovery Plan

Restoration Plan Database: Crystal Reports of Individual Plan Summaries

I. BASIC PLAN DATA

Plan name:

Hawaiian Waterbirds Recovery Plan

Brief description of plan:

Three endemic Hawaiian waterbirds are the subject of this plan- Hawaiian stilt, Hawaiian coot and Hawaiian gallinule. All three are classified as endangered by the US Department of Interior, the State of Hawaii and the Division of Fish and Game. The action plan committee was appointed in 1993 by the US Fish and Wildlife Service to prepare a coordinated action plan for restoration of the three species. The primary reason for the decline in these species has been the loss of habitat. This loss has not been quantified, but is obvious and significant. The loss of wetlands has been due to conversion to agricultural crops or urbanization. The encroachment of exotic species has degraded much of the rest of the habitat.

Region the plan is located within:

Pacific Region

Watershed(s) included within the plan:

HI

Area plan covers (in square miles):

square miles

Plan scale:

State

Plan's lead organization(s):

Hawaii Division of Fish and Game

Plan's Main Contact Information:

Ronald Walker
HI Division of Fish and Game

On-line version of plan:

Date of original plan:

8/1997

II. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Plan includes restoration goals: Y

Level of detail of the goals:

MS

Summary of the goals:

Provide and maintain population of at least 2000 HI stilt, 2000 HI coots and 2000 HI gallinules in, at a minimum, the habitats and island distribution existing in 1976, and to remove these endangered species from the endangered and threatened status lists.

Plan recommends or uses criteria for selecting restoration sites (e.g. cost benefit ratio, ecological benefits):

Y

Summary of the criteria:

Certain land and water areas constitute 'primary' habitat areas for waterbirds either because they provide all of the necessities for completion of annual life cycles, or because they support large numbers of these species at one time or another.

Plan recommends restoration of specific project sites:

Y

Plan includes a discussion of funding sources:

N

Plan addresses long-term protection of restored sites:

Y

Partners included in developing the plan:

Federal
State

Type(s) of public outreach included during plan development:

Information not available

Plan includes public outreach as part of plan implementation (e.g. annual public meeting, local group participation):

Y

Plan discusses the application of innovative approaches to restoration:

N

Plan make use of GIS mapping capabilities:

N

Plan addresses monitoring/reference sites for ecosystem level monitoring (baseline conditions) by:

G

Plan addresses monitoring/reference sites for project level monitoring by:

N

The plan discusses or coordinates with other restoration plans covering the same geographic area:

N

Other plan names:

Plan contains detailed information on historic and/or current habitat size, rate of loss, acres restored or protected, etc.):

N